

295 BC

Battle of SENTINUM.

Rome had driven Samnite villages. Samnites (nearly exhausted) marched north to join the Gauls & Etruscans and strike directly at Rome. The Romans marched northward just in time and, in a great battle at SENTINUM, defeated the combined Samnite, Gallic, Etruscan Army. The Samnite strength was broken.

and systematic devastation of their
country for the next 5 years
forced them to make peace. They
became allies of Rome and lost
part of their lands.

295BC

Battle of SENTINUM

ancient town of UMBRIA - East
central Italy near modern
SASSOFERRATO. In 295BC,
the Romans (led by P. Decius
MUS) here defeated the Gauls
and Samnites.

295BC

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^C
(337-283BC) DEMETRIUS I, POLIORCETES

A macedonian king (297-287BC) was defeated by Ptolemy at Gaza. Won a victory over CILLES in Syria. Freed Athens from the rule of Cassander in 307 B.C..

Defeated Ptolemy in a naval battle at Cyprus. laid unsuccessful siege to Rhodes in 305 BC. Was defeated at IPSUS by SELEUCUS and LYSIMACHUS in 301 BC. In 295 BC he recovered AEGINA,

Salamis, and Athens which had been taken from him. In 344 BC he murdered Alexander, brother of Antipater, and took the throne of Macedonia, but was later driven out by PYRRHUS. He finally surrendered to SELEUCUS with whom he remained a prisoner until his death in 283 B.C. He was noted for the completeness of his preparation in war and sieges.

295 BC

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SENTIUM

The Roman Consuls, Q. Fabius PULLIANNUS and P. DECIUS MUS advanced to UMBRIA, where the decisive battle of Sentium was fought. After a long contest, the Romans were victorious, thus ending the 3rd WAR against the SAMNITES.

295BC

BATTLE OF SENTINUM

Romans defeated Samnites
and Union of the State of Central
Italy headed by SAMNITES

295 BC

SENTINUM (Cal Eney)

Ancient town of Umbria, E central Italy,
near the modern SASSOFERRATO. In 295 BC
the Romans (led by P. DECIVS MUS) here
defeated the Gauls and the SAMNITES.

295BC

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Battle of Sentinum

c 295 BC

3rd Cen BC

Egyptian priest; MANETHO, wrote
history of Egypt.

He recorded the country's rulers
from accession of Menes in 2950 BC
to the conquest of Alexander the Great
in 332 BC

295 BC

Greek forces under Ptolemy I
were destructive at
ASHKELON.

Destroyed the city but Ashkelon
bounced back and gained
fame as a commercial empire
and also as an ~~commercial~~
intellectual center

295 BC

By 295 BC the Samnites decided to make a final stand for total independence. They organized a massive league of rebellious factions among Gauls, Etruscans, Umbrians & others. They met the Romans on the field at SENTINUM. heavy losses 8,700 casualties in the Roman force of 36,000. It was slaughter, but the Romans

won. The Umbrians and Etruscans
had been diverted by Roman troops
before they could reach the decisive
battle.

295 Bc

Battle of Sentinum
Rome defeated Samnite
alliance

295 BC

Shattering victory was won over
combined forces of Etruscans, Gauls,
Umbrians & Sabines at Sentinum
in Umbria when one of the consuls
(son of Decius Mus; hero of Latin War)
repeated his father's act of heroic
devotion.

295BC

The Roman legions gained a decisive victory at SENTINUM over the Samnites, and Rome added Campania and Umbria to her domain.

295=7272BC

PYRRHUS King of the MOLOSSIANS

295Bc

Etruscans subjected to Rome